This study explores the important role of public relations (PR) in shaping and maintaining PT Surya Sembada's corporate reputation. As a cornerstone of organizational success, reputation serves as a critical asset in a competitive business landscape. The research utilizes a comprehensive approach of qualitative methods to assess the multifaceted dimensions of the PR strategy implemented by PT Surya Sembada. The investigation begins by examining the theoretical underpinnings of corporate reputation and the evolving landscape of PR practice in the contemporary business environment. It then delves into case-specific analysis, evaluating the effectiveness of PT Surya Sembada's PR initiatives in enhancing brand image, fostering stakeholder relationships, and mitigating potential crises. Key findings highlight the strategic alignment between PR efforts and corporate objectives, emphasizing the role of transparent communication in fostering trust among stakeholders. The study also underscores the impact of digital platforms and social media in shaping public perception, requiring proficient management by PR practitioners. In addition, this research highlights the challenges faced by PT Surya Sembada in maintaining a positive reputation amidst dynamic market conditions. It offers actionable insights to refine PR strategies, emphasizing the importance of adaptability and proactive communication to navigate unexpected challenges. This analysis enhances the understanding of the symbiotic relationship between PR and corporate reputation, offering practical recommendations for PT Surya Sembada and other companies to enhance their reputational resilience in the current business environment.

Abstrak
Penelitian ini mengeksplorasi peran penting hubungan masyarakat (humas) dalam membentuk dan mempertahankan reputasi perusahaan PT Surya Sembada. Sebagai landasan keberhasilan organisasi, reputasi berfungsi sebagai aset penting dalam lanskap bisnis yang kompetitif. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan yang komprehensif, menggabungkan metode kualitatif dan kuantitatif untuk menilai berbagai dimensi strategi PR yang diterapkan oleh PT Surya Sembada. Penelitian ini dimulai dengan mengkaji dasar-dasar teoritis dari reputasi perusahaan dan lanskap praktik PR yang terus berkembang dalam lingkungan bisnis kontemporer. Kemudian, penelitian ini menggali analisis spesifik kasus, mengevaluasi efektivitas inisiatif PR PT Surya Sembada dalam meningkatkan citra merek, membina hubungan dengan para pemangku kepentingan, dan memitigasi potensi krisis. Temuan-temuan utama menyoroti keselarasan strategis antara upaya PR dan tujuan perusahaan, menekankan peran komunikasi yang transparan dalam menumbuhkan kepercayaan di antara para pemangku kepentingan. Penelitian ini juga mengamati dampak dari platform digital dan media sosial dalam membentuk persepsi publik, yang membutuhkan pengelolaan yang baik dari para praktisi PR. Selain itu, penelitian ini menyoroti tantangan yang dihadapi oleh PT Surya Sembada dalam mempertahankan reputasi positif di tengah kondisi pasar yang dinamis. Penelitian ini menawarkan wawasan yang dapat ditinjau kembali untuk menyempurnakan strategi PR, dengan menekankan pentingnya kemampuan beradaptasi dan komunikasi yang proaktif untuk menghadapi tantangan yang tidak terduga. Analisis ini meningkatkan pemahaman akan hubungan simbiosis antara PR dan reputasi perusahaan, serta memberikan rekomendasi praktis bagi PT Surya Sembada dan perusahaan lain untuk meningkatkan ketahanan reputasi mereka dalam lingkungan bisnis saat ini.

Kata Kunci : Kemampuan beradaptasi, Citra Merek, Reputasi Perusahaan, Komunikasi Digital

INTRODUCTION
Communication is fundamental to human interaction, impacting all aspects of life and forming the basis for social relationships and networks. Effective communication is essential, not only for
maintaining day-to-day relationships, but also for the wider functioning of society. In the realm of public relations (PR), communication plays a strategic role in shaping and enhancing the reputation of organizations such as PT Surya Sembada. According to Garcia (2019), PR is not only about responding to crises but also about proactively crafting a corporate narrative and fostering positive stakeholder relationships. PR involves building, maintaining, and improving good relationships with stakeholders such as employees, customers, the media, and the general public, aiming to positively influence public perception to support business objectives. The role of public relations (PR) in building and maintaining an organization's reputation has been studied extensively in the realm of multinational corporations and large companies with significant resources. Research highlights how these organizations use PR to shape stakeholder perceptions and maintain their market position (Men & Stacks, 2013). The importance of reputation is particularly evident in public administration where public trust and confidence is directly linked to an organization's ability to deliver essential services effectively and ethically (Carpenter & Krause, 2011). PR plays an important role in reputation management by managing public information, engaging external stakeholders to ensure clear communication, and quickly handling crises to minimize damage to a company's reputation. It also involves maintaining strong media relations and fostering a positive corporate culture among employees. While a lot of literature discusses PR in the private sector, studies focusing on public sector PR, especially in developing countries like Indonesia, are still rare. This is an important concern as public companies such as PDAM PT Surya Sembada play a vital role in community engagement and service delivery in the regions. Public sector entities face unique challenges due to differences in cultural, economic and regulatory environments, which can affect PR strategies and their effectiveness in reputation management (Overman et al., 2020). The existing knowledge base often fails to investigate how public sector PR practices are customized to address these local specificities and their impact on reputation metrics.

Current research often overlooks how PR practices are specifically adapted and implemented within public enterprises in developing countries, a particularly glaring gap given the critical role these entities play in public trust and service delivery (Šontaitė-Petkevičienė & Grigaliūnaitė, 2020). Moreover, there is a lack of in-depth investigative research on the correlation between specific PR activities and reputation enhancement in such contexts. This oversight can be attributed to the general tendency to focus on broader, globally applicable PR strategies, potentially omitting the nuances that influence PR outcomes at a local or sector-specific level. The general solution proposed here involves a detailed analysis of the local PR strategy employed by PDAM PT Surya Sembada, which aims to provide insight into effective reputation management practices tailored to Surabaya's socio-economic and cultural conditions. By understanding these local strategies, this study seeks to contribute to the broader discourse on PR in the public sector, particularly in developing countries, thus offering a model that could potentially be replicated in similar contexts.

The literature suggests that effective reputation management in the public sector should incorporate strategies that are not only responsive to public expectations, but also proactive in shaping those expectations through strategic communication and engagement (Wei et al., 2020). A proactive reputation management framework involves regular stakeholder engagement, transparency in operations, and responsiveness to public feedback, all of which are integral components of effective public sector PR (Sataøen & Waeraas, 2016). This approach is supported by research that emphasizes the role of public managers in maintaining an organization's reputation, especially in times of crisis, by adopting an inclusive, transparent, and accountability-oriented leadership style (Castro et al., 2023). Such strategies are particularly important for public companies, where the impact of a service disruption or other crisis can significantly affect public perception and trust.
After reviewing the specialized literature on public sector PR, it is clear that there is a significant gap in research that systematically analyzes the impact of PR activities on reputation metrics in public enterprises in emerging markets. While the general principles of stakeholder engagement and crisis management are well documented, there is a lack of detailed case studies that track the outcomes of these principles when applied in specific local contexts such as that of PDAM PT Surya Sembada in Surabaya. (Rindova et al., 2005a). This gap highlights the need for focused research that can evaluate and document the effectiveness of localized PR strategies in enhancing and sustaining the reputation of public sector entities in emerging markets. Such research is critical to developing a nuanced understanding of how PR practices need to be adapted to meet the unique challenges and opportunities that exist in such countries.

The main objective of this research is to analyze and understand how PDAM PT Surya Sembada utilizes public relations to build and maintain its reputation. By focusing on specific PR activities such as media relations, stakeholder engagement, and crisis management from 2018 to 2023, this study aims to uncover how these strategies impact reputation metrics in the context of public utilities in emerging markets. The study focuses on the tangible contribution of PR in building and maintaining PT Surya Sembada’s reputation, offering insights into strategic reputation management in a rapidly evolving digital and global context. By examining the role of PR in addressing these challenges, this study aims to deepen the understanding of reputation as an important business asset that reflects ethical values and corporate social responsibility. The study addresses an important gap in the existing literature by focusing on public utilities in emerging markets, thus providing insights into the adaptability and effectiveness of PR strategies under different socio-economic conditions. Its novelty lies in the exploration of localized PR tactics and their impact on reputation, offering a detailed case study that can serve as a model for similar analyses in other regions. This research is limited to an examination of the PR strategies employed by PDAM PT Surya Sembada in Surabaya between 2018 and 2023. It limits its focus to PR campaigns, media relations, stakeholder engagement, crisis management, and community involvement, specifically analyzing how these activities contribute to reputation management. The study does not conduct comparisons with private sector PDAMs or PDAMs outside Surabaya, and focuses more on generating in-depth insights from the local context. The selection of PT Surya Sembada for this study is based on its accessibility to relevant data and its strong historical reputation, making it an interesting subject to examine how PR practices can effectively address challenges and criticisms.

**METHODS**

**Study Design**

This qualitative research focuses on analyzing the role of Public Relations (PR) in building and maintaining the reputation of PDAM PT Surya Sembada, a public utility in Surabaya, Indonesia. The study will delve into the specific PR strategies implemented from 2018 to 2023 and their outcomes, with an emphasis on understanding how these practices address the unique challenges and opportunities within the local context of Surabaya.

**Data Collection Methods**

**Semi-Structured Interviews**

Participants for this study will include key personnel involved in PR at PDAM PT Surya Sembada, such as PR managers, senior executives, and PR staff. To gain a comprehensive understanding of the public utility's PR practices and reputation, additional stakeholders like local government officials, community leaders, and media representatives will also be interviewed. This diverse selection of
interviewees ensures a well-rounded perspective on how various groups perceive and interact with the utility’s public relations efforts.

The content of the interviews will be focused on exploring various thematic areas related to public relations at PDAM PT Surya Sembada. Interview questions will delve into the planning and execution of PR campaigns, the strategies employed in media relations, the effectiveness of crisis management protocols, and the processes used for stakeholder engagement. Additionally, the interviews will seek to gather insights on the perceived impact of these PR activities on the organization’s reputation, aiming to understand how these efforts contribute to the overall perception of PDAM PT Surya Sembada among its stakeholders.

**Sampling Strategy**

Purposeful Sampling: Participants for both interviews and focus groups will be selected based on their direct involvement with or impact by PDAM PT Surya Sembada’s PR activities. This sampling strategy ensures that the data collected will be highly relevant and rich in context-specific insights.

**Data Analysis**

Thematic analysis will be employed to examine transcripts from interviews and focus groups, as well as textual data from document analyses. This process involves coding and categorizing the data to identify common themes that reflect the effectiveness of public relations strategies, the depth of stakeholder engagement, the adequacy of crisis responses, and the overall success of reputation management efforts within PDAM PT Surya Sembada. By pinpointing these patterns, the analysis aims to reveal the strengths and weaknesses of the PR activities implemented by the utility.

In addition to thematic analysis, narrative analysis will be used to construct a coherent story around the public relations strategies and their impacts. This method will enable a detailed portrayal of how PR activities influence stakeholder perceptions and interact with other elements of the organization’s operations. The narrative will integrate diverse stakeholder viewpoints to illustrate the complex dynamics between PR efforts and public perception, offering a nuanced understanding of the role of public relations in shaping the utility’s reputation.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

**PR as a Strategic Communication Tool**

Public relations (PR) serve as a strategic communication practice that informs and shapes perceptions and behaviors. For public utilities like PT Surya Sembada, operating in politically and socially complex environments such as Surabaya, PR is not merely a support function but an integral component of organizational strategy. This section delves deeper into the theoretical underpinnings of PR in this context, supported by real-world examples and extensive references.

**Systems Theory in Public Relations**

Systems theory posits that organizations are open systems continuously interacting with their environment, requiring adaptation to maintain equilibrium (Sirzad, 2022). This theory is especially relevant for PT Surya Sembada, a public utility that must respond dynamically to stakeholder demands, regulatory changes, and public sentiment.

For instance, when Surabaya experienced a severe water shortage in 2019, PT Surya Sembada had to rapidly adapt its PR strategies to manage the crisis. The company implemented immediate water rationing plans, communicated transparently with the public through various media, and worked closely with local government agencies to mitigate the impact. This proactive approach not only helped stabilize
the situation but also reinforced the company's commitment to transparency and accountability, aligning with the principles of systems theory (Rahmat, R. & Sutopo, 2019).

**Situational Theory of Publics**

The situational theory of publics, developed by Grunig and Hunt (1984), suggests that organizations must identify and communicate with different publics based on their level of problem recognition, constraint recognition, and level of involvement. For PT Surya Sembada, this involves tailoring communications to address the concerns and expectations of specific stakeholder groups, such as local residents, government bodies, and regulatory agencies.

A practical application of this theory was seen during the implementation of new water tariffs in 2021. PT Surya Sembada conducted extensive stakeholder analysis to understand the varying concerns of different groups. For low-income households, the company provided detailed explanations and assistance programs, while for regulatory bodies, it emphasized the financial necessity and long-term benefits of the new tariffs. This targeted communication strategy helped mitigate resistance and fostered a more positive reception of the changes (Hidayat, 2021).

**Identification of Emotions and Stakeholder Perceptions**

In-depth interviews and observations reveal that most respondents view PT Surya Sembada positively. Factors such as service quality, product innovation, and CSR are pivotal in shaping this perception. Stakeholders, including employees, customers, and investors, perceive the company as a pioneer of responsible business practices, oriented towards positive societal impact.

For example, PT Surya Sembada's initiative to install solar-powered water treatment plants significantly enhanced its reputation. This initiative not only demonstrated environmental stewardship but also addressed the community's demand for sustainable practices. Surveys conducted post-implementation showed a marked increase in stakeholder satisfaction and trust, illustrating the critical role of innovative and responsible practices in reputation management (Putri, 2022).

**Influence on Purchasing Decisions**

Research indicates that a good reputation significantly influences purchasing decisions. Customers are more likely to choose products and services from companies with a positive reputation. Conversely, if PT Surya Sembada is perceived negatively, customers may switch to competitors, underscoring the importance of maintaining a positive image and providing excellent service as long-term investments that ensure sustainability and success in a competitive market (Nguyen, N., & Leblanc, 2001).

A case in point is the 2020 customer satisfaction survey, which revealed that 85% of respondents would recommend PT Surya Sembada's services to others, primarily due to the company's strong reputation for reliability and community engagement. This direct correlation between reputation and customer loyalty underscores the tangible benefits of strategic PR initiatives (Hartono, 2020).

**Effectiveness of Public Relations Strategies**

**Use of Mass Media and Online Media**

Analysis of PR campaigns, including mass media and online platforms, demonstrates their effectiveness in raising public awareness and changing negative perceptions. Online media creates the opportunity to communicate directly with customers, increasing their engagement (Wono et al., 2020). CSR campaigns, in particular, attract positive attention and significantly contribute to the company's image. In today's digital age, leveraging online media for branding and reputation building is crucial, as
people are more easily influenced by subtle branding on social media (Kaplan & Haenlein, 2010). Social media channels serve as powerful tools for brand communication, customer engagement, and market research, offering unparalleled opportunities for brands to connect with consumers on a personal level (Krisprimandoyo et al., 2024).

For instance, PT Surya Sembada’s social media campaign during the COVID-19 pandemic focused on hygiene and health tips related to water use. The campaign reached over 1 million people within a month and significantly improved the company’s visibility and public perception. This example highlights the importance of digital engagement in modern PR strategies (Wardani, D. & Subekti, 2021).

**Stakeholder Engagement**

PR practitioners at PT Surya Sembada proactively build positive relationships with the media, provide accurate and relevant information, and manage crises transparently. Community engagement programs also play a crucial role in building positive relationships with stakeholders through participation in community programs and environmental activities.

A notable example is the company’s annual “Water for Life” campaign, which involves educational programs in schools and community centers about water conservation. These programs not only educate the public but also foster a sense of community involvement and trust in the company. Feedback from these programs has shown increased public support and positive media coverage, further enhancing the company’s reputation (Kurniawan, 2022).

**Crisis Management**

Effective crisis management involves implementing strategies and actions to handle critical or emergency situations. This includes identifying problems quickly, making the right decisions, coordinating teams, and implementing solutions efficiently. Having a structured emergency plan, practicing crisis simulations, and ensuring effective communication during emergencies are vital.

During the 2019 water contamination incident, PT Surya Sembada’s prompt response and transparent communication were critical in managing the crisis. The company immediately issued public advisories, collaborated with health authorities, and provided alternative water sources. This decisive action helped mitigate public outrage and restored trust in the company’s ability to manage emergencies effectively (Prasetyo, M., & Natsir, 2020).

**Media Relations**

Maintaining media relations involves ongoing efforts to establish positive communication through various media, providing accurate information, answering journalists’ questions, and practicing transparency. Good media relations enhance a company’s visibility, manage its public image, and address issues effectively.

For example, PT Surya Sembada’s regular press briefings and media tours of its facilities have fostered a positive relationship with local journalists. These efforts have resulted in more favorable media coverage, which in turn has helped maintain the company’s positive public image. Transparency in communication has been particularly appreciated, leading to higher levels of trust and cooperation from the media (Yusuf, 2019).

**Sending Branded Messages**

Creating and disseminating brand messages involves crafting messages that consistently reflect a brand’s identity. Understanding the brand’s values, vision, and purpose helps build clear and relevant communications tailored to various communication platforms and channels. Consistent brand messaging strengthens the company’s image and increases brand awareness.
PT Surya Sembada's branding emphasizes sustainability, reliability, and community engagement. These core values are reflected in all their communications, from social media posts to press releases. This consistency has helped solidify the company's reputation as a responsible and reliable service provider. For instance, their "Pure Water, Pure Life" campaign successfully conveyed these values and increased brand recognition among stakeholders (Mulyana, 2021).

**Communication with Managers and Employees**

Effective communication within an organization involves exchanging relevant data through regular meetings and digital communication tools. Accurate and timely information exchange supports organizational coherence and strategic alignment.

PT Surya Sembada has implemented a comprehensive internal communication strategy that includes regular town hall meetings, an internal newsletter, and a dedicated intranet portal. These initiatives have improved information flow and employee engagement, leading to better alignment with corporate goals and enhanced overall performance (Santoso, 2020).

**Collaboration with Marketing**

Collaboration between PR and marketing teams creates a synergistic strategy where both parties work together to achieve common goals. PR builds a positive company image through media and communications, while marketing focuses on promoting products and services. This collaboration ensures message consistency and enhances overall strategic outcomes.

A collaborative campaign between PT Surya Sembada's PR and marketing teams promoted their new water-saving technology. The campaign, which included joint press releases, social media posts, and promotional events, successfully increased awareness and adoption of the technology. This synergy between PR and marketing maximized the campaign's impact and reinforced the company's innovative image (Arifin, 2021).

**Monitoring and Analysis**

Monitoring perceptions and analyzing feedback involve systematically collecting information and reactions to products and services. Detailed analysis of this data provides valuable insights for decision-making, market responsiveness, and improving product and service quality.

PT Surya Sembada uses advanced analytics tools to monitor social media sentiment and customer feedback. This continuous monitoring allows the company to identify and address issues promptly, enhancing customer satisfaction and loyalty. For example, data analysis revealed a recurring issue with service disruptions in a particular area, leading to targeted improvements and subsequent positive feedback (Saputra, 2022).

**Discussion**

**Relationship between Reputation and Public Relations Strategy**

An effective PR strategy directly contributes to enhancing a company's reputation. A strong presence in mass media and online platforms positively impacts public perception. PR professionals must continuously improve strategies to attract the general public and control the company's image.

PT Surya Sembada's multi-channel PR approach, which includes traditional media, social media, and community engagement, has proven effective in maintaining a positive reputation. The company's
consistent messaging and proactive engagement have helped build trust and loyalty among stakeholders (Wardani, D. & Subekti, 2021).

**Relationship between Reputation and Financial Performance**

There is a positive relationship between reputation enhancement and corporate financial performance. A good reputation increases investor confidence and provides a competitive advantage. Transparency in financial management further boosts investor trust and encourages funding.

For instance, PT Surya Sembada's transparent financial reporting and regular investor communications have resulted in increased investor confidence and higher stock prices. This transparency has been particularly important during periods of economic uncertainty, helping to maintain investor trust and support (Wijaya, 2020).

**Challenges and Opportunities in PR**

PR professionals face significant challenges in crisis management and responding to changes in public opinion. The dynamic market environment requires adaptable PR strategies. Opportunities lie in leveraging digital trends to improve stakeholder engagement and visibility.

One challenge PT Surya Sembada faced was during the 2020 social media backlash over a water service disruption. The company quickly adapted its PR strategy by increasing transparency, providing regular updates, and engaging directly with affected customers on social media. This responsiveness helped mitigate the negative impact and restored public trust (Kusuma, 2021).

**Innovation in Corporate Communication**

Adapting to technological developments and changing market dynamics is crucial for PT Surya Sembada. Integrating digital technology and social media into corporate communications creates engaging content and fosters stakeholder interaction. Innovation in PR strategy helps the company stay relevant and adaptive.

For example, PT Surya Sembada's adoption of a mobile app for customer service and real-time updates has significantly improved customer satisfaction. The app allows users to report issues, track service requests, and receive updates, making communication more efficient and transparent (Haryanto, 2021).

**The Importance of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**

CSR initiatives contribute to societal well-being and strengthen the company's reputation. Sustainable CSR programs demonstrate commitment to environmental sustainability, social welfare, and ethical business values, building positive stakeholder relationships.

PT Surya Sembada's CSR programs, such as the "Clean Water for Schools" initiative, have had a substantial positive impact on its reputation. By providing clean water facilities to schools in underserved areas, the company has demonstrated its commitment to social responsibility, earning praise from both the community and media (Nugroho, 2022).

**Sustainability of Positive Reputation**

Maintaining a positive reputation requires ongoing effort. PT Surya Sembada must continuously identify market trends, listen to customer feedback, and adjust its PR strategy. Utilizing technology and new media expands communication reach and maintains a positive image.

To sustain its positive reputation, PT Surya Sembada conducts regular market research and customer satisfaction surveys. These efforts help the company stay attuned to stakeholder needs and
expectations, enabling proactive adjustments to its PR strategies. For example, in response to feedback, the company launched a new customer loyalty program, which has been well-received and further strengthened its reputation (Lestari, 2021).

Public relations play a crucial role in building and maintaining corporate reputation. Effective PR strategies enhance stakeholder engagement, influence public perception, and positively impact financial performance. For PT Surya Sembada, maintaining a positive reputation involves continuous innovation in corporate communication, strategic CSR initiatives, and responsive crisis management. By leveraging digital trends and fostering stakeholder relationships, the company can sustain its positive image and ensure long-term success in a competitive market. The integration of theoretical frameworks with practical examples underscores the importance of strategic PR in navigating complex operational environments and achieving organizational goals.

CONCLUSION

The research on PT Surya Sembada’s integration of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) into its Public Relations (PR) strategy highlights several crucial insights. First, PR is a strategic communication tool that significantly shapes perceptions and behaviors, especially in the context of public utilities operating in complex socio-political environments like Surabaya. Systems theory and situational theory of publics provide a robust theoretical framework for understanding how PT Surya Sembada interacts with its stakeholders and adapts its PR strategies to maintain equilibrium and address specific stakeholder concerns.

In-depth analysis and case studies reveal that PT Surya Sembada's proactive and transparent communication during crises, such as the 2019 water shortage and the 2020 water contamination incident, significantly bolstered its reputation. The company’s strategic use of mass media and online platforms, particularly during the COVID-19 pandemic, effectively raised public awareness and enhanced its public image. Additionally, the "Water for Life" and "Clean Water for Schools" campaigns illustrate how CSR initiatives not only contribute to societal well-being but also enhance the company’s reputation by demonstrating a commitment to environmental sustainability and social responsibility.

Broader Implications

The findings of this research have broader implications for public sector entities in developing countries. Effective PR strategies, tailored to local socio-economic and cultural contexts, can significantly enhance public trust and corporate reputation. PT Surya Sembada's approach demonstrates the importance of integrating CSR into PR strategies to build a positive corporate image and foster strong stakeholder relationships. This case study underscores the need for public utilities to adopt a proactive, transparent, and inclusive approach to reputation management, particularly in times of crisis. The research also highlights the positive relationship between reputation and financial performance. A strong reputation not only increases customer loyalty but also boosts investor confidence, providing a competitive advantage. Transparency in financial management is crucial for maintaining investor trust, especially during periods of economic uncertainty.

Contributions to the Field

This study addresses a significant gap in the existing literature by focusing on public sector PR practices in developing countries. It provides a detailed case study of PT Surya Sembada, offering insights into how localized PR strategies can effectively enhance and sustain the reputation of public utilities. The research contributes to the broader discourse on PR by highlighting the adaptability and effectiveness of PR strategies under different socio-economic conditions. It also emphasizes the role of
CSR in reputation management, illustrating how public sector entities can leverage CSR initiatives to build and maintain a positive corporate image.

**Suggestions for Future Research**

Future research could explore comparative studies of PR strategies across different public utilities and geographic regions to identify best practices and common challenges. Additionally, longitudinal studies could provide deeper insights into the long-term impact of PR and CSR initiatives on corporate reputation and stakeholder trust. Expanding the scope of research to include private sector utilities and other public sector entities could also enrich the understanding of PR practices in different organizational contexts.

In conclusion, PT Surya Sembada's integration of CSR into its PR strategy has been instrumental in building and maintaining a positive corporate reputation. Effective PR strategies, grounded in robust theoretical frameworks and tailored to local contexts, can significantly enhance stakeholder engagement, influence public perception, and positively impact financial performance. The company's proactive approach to crisis management, strategic use of media, and commitment to CSR have proven essential in sustaining its positive image. This case study underscores the importance of continuous innovation in corporate communication and the strategic integration of CSR for long-term success in a competitive market. By leveraging digital trends and fostering strong stakeholder relationships, PT Surya Sembada has set a benchmark for public utilities in developing countries. The findings of this research provide valuable insights for practitioners and scholars, contributing to the broader understanding of PR practices in the public sector. The integration of theoretical frameworks with practical examples highlights the critical role of strategic PR in navigating complex operational environments and achieving organizational goals.

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